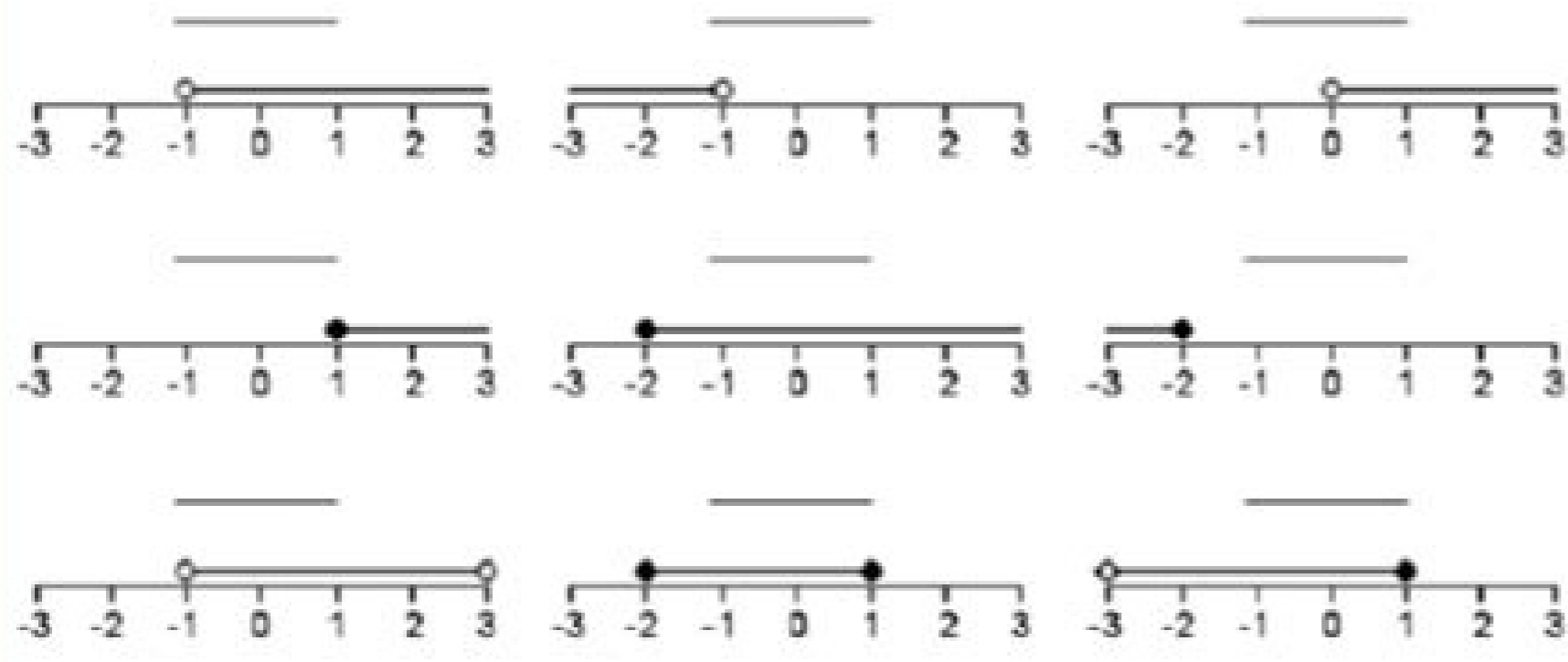


Continue

Number Lines

Section A: Write down the inequality shown on the number line using the variable x .



Section B: Illustrate each inequality on the number line.

$x \leq -3$ $x > 1$ $x \geq -5$



$-5 \leq x < 7.5$ $-6 < x \leq -2$ $-2.5 \leq x \leq -0.5$

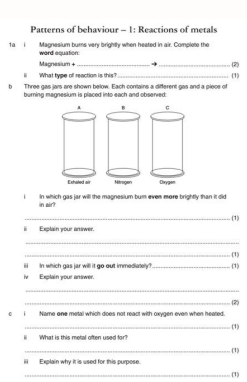


$x \leq -3$ $-20 \leq x < 80$ $-0.5 < x < 0.7$

Extension

Write down all the whole numbers or prime numbers which satisfy the inequalities.

Inequality	Whole numbers	Inequality	Prime numbers
$-1 \leq x < 3$		$2 \leq x < 13$	
$-22 \leq x \leq -19$		$41 < x < 53$	
$99 < x < 101$		$0 < 2x < 14$	
$0.8 < x < 6.9$		$-22 \leq 1 - x < -16$	



Compound Shapes

Find the perimeter of each figure.

1) Perimeter: _____

2) Perimeter: _____

3) Perimeter: _____

4) Perimeter: _____

5) Perimeter: _____

6) Perimeter: _____

7) Perimeter: _____

8) Perimeter: _____

9) Perimeter: _____

TWO-STEP INEQUALITIES COLORING ACTIVITY

Directions: Solve each equation. Identify whether Set 1 and Set 2, then color the picture accordingly. STA

1	$2x - 7 > 3$
3	$-4x + 7 \geq 19$
5	$\frac{x}{-2} - 17 \leq -13$
7	$-13x + 14 < 45$
9	$-8x - 19 \geq 17$

Two-Step INEQUALITIES

Created by: ALL THINGS ALGEBRA®

COMPOUND WORDS

LINK THE WORDS TO CREATE COMPOUND WORDS

1. with	2. through	3. what	4. news	5. near	6. sun	7. grand	8. rail	9. class	10. some
how	room	road	out	light	by	paper	ever	mother	out

1. _____ + _____ = _____
 2. _____ + _____ = _____
 3. _____ + _____ = _____
 4. _____ + _____ = _____
 5. _____ + _____ = _____
 6. _____ + _____ = _____
 7. _____ + _____ = _____
 8. _____ + _____ = _____
 9. _____ + _____ = _____
 10. _____ + _____ = _____

11. high	12. mean	13. bed	14. side	15. up	16. door	17. sun	18. bath	19. day	20. note
book	way	stairs	room	shine	while	room	walk	light	way

11. _____ + _____ = _____
 12. _____ + _____ = _____
 13. _____ + _____ = _____
 14. _____ + _____ = _____
 15. _____ + _____ = _____
 16. _____ + _____ = _____
 17. _____ + _____ = _____
 18. _____ + _____ = _____
 19. _____ + _____ = _____
 20. _____ + _____ = _____

Algebra 1a 3-5 compound inequalities worksheet #2 answers. 2-5 additional practice answer key.

A compound inequality is a combination of two inequalities that are combined by either using "and" or "or". The process of solving each of the inequalities in the compound inequalities is as same as that of a normal inequality but just while combining the solutions of both inequalities depends upon whether they are clubbed by using "and" or "or". Let us see the process of solving compound inequalities and also how to graph them on the number line. What is a Compound Inequality? A compound inequality is an inequality that merges two inequalities either by using "and" or "or". Sometimes "and" won't be specifically mentioned but it is understood. For example, $1 < x < 3$ is nothing but " $x > 1$ and $x < 3$ ". On the other hand, a compound inequality with "or" is always specifically mentioned using "or". The two types of compound inequalities are conjunction and disjunction and the following are the differences between them, Conjunction Disjunction It is a compound inequality in which the inequalities are joined by using "AND". It is a compound inequality in which the inequalities are joined by using "OR". Example: $-2 < x < 3$ [or equivalently " $x > -2$ AND $x < 3$ "] Example: $x < -2$ OR $x > 3$ They can be clubbed by using the "intersection" symbol (\cap) between the intervals representing them. For example, $x > -2$ AND $x < 3$ can be written as $(-2, \infty) \cap (-\infty, 3)$. They can be clubbed by using the "union" symbol (\cup) between the intervals representing them. For example, $x < -2$ OR $x > 3$ can be written as $(-\infty, -2) \cup (3, \infty)$. Since its an "AND", the solution should contain the values that satisfy "BOTH" the inequalities. Since its an "OR", the solution can contain the values that satisfy "Either or both" the inequalities. Compound Inequality Graph We can graph the compound inequalities on the number line. Keep the following things in mind when graphing compound inequalities. First look for the number on the number line that the inequality has. For example, if we have $x > 2$, we need to see where 2 is on the number line. Put an open dot (to show that the value is NOT included) if the inequality is either " $>$ " or " \geq " sign, draw an arrow to the right side of the number. For " $<$ " or " \leq " sign, draw an arrow to the left side of the number. For " $=$ " at 4 we get a closed dot at 4. Also, we draw an arrow to the left of 4 as we have " \leq ". Finally, we look for the values on the number line that satisfy "BOTH" inequalities as the given compound inequality has "AND" in it. It is very clear from both arrows above that the region of intersection (common region) of both arrows is from 1 to 4 where 1 is not included and 4 is included. i.e., the solution of the given compound inequality is $1 < x \leq 4$ and is shown by a "orange" line on the number line below. In the interval notation, the solution can be written as (1, 4]. Example of Graphing Compound Inequality with OR Graph the compound inequality $x \leq -1$ OR $x > 2$. We will graph each inequality on the number line as follows: $x \leq -1$: Since we have " \leq " at 1 we get a closed dot at 1. Also, we draw an arrow to the left of 1 as we have " \leq ". $x > 2$: Since we don't have " $=$ " at 2 we get an open dot at 2. Also, we draw an arrow to the right of 2 as we have " $>$ ". Since the given inequality has an "OR" in it, we just use "union" between them in the solution. Hence the solution is $x \leq -1$ OR $x > 2$ itself. In the interval notation, the solution is, $(-\infty, -1] \cup (2, \infty)$. The solution is shown with "orange" line on the number line below. Solving Compound Inequalities We know that a compound inequality is the merging of two simple inequalities. Hence, each of them can be solved in the same way as we solve a simple inequality (to know how to solve a simple inequality, click here) and then we club them according to what they gave (AND / OR) just like how it was explained in the previous section. Here is the step-by-step explanation of solving compound inequalities. Step 1: Identify two inequalities that are given in the given inequality. Step 2: Solve each of them just like how we solve a normal inequality. Note that the procedure of solving an inequality is as same as solving an equation but just reverse the sign of inequality when you are multiplying or dividing the inequality by a negative number. Step 3: Graph the solution of each inequality on the number line (as explained in the last section). Step 4: Take the "intersection" of the solutions if "AND" is given; and take the "union" of the solutions if "OR" is given. If we are able to analyze the solution without graphing, then we can avoid Step 3. Graphing compound inequalities is not compulsory unless it is specifically mentioned to graph it. The above procedure is explained with examples (one of each of "AND" and "OR") below. Example of Solving Compound Inequality with AND Solve the compound inequality $-2 < 2x - 3 < 5$. We can solve it in two ways: one is without splitting into two; and the other is by splitting into two. Let us see both ways. Method 1: The given compound inequality is $-2 < 2x - 3 < 5$. Adding 3 on all the sides, $-2 + 3 < 2x - 3 + 3 < 5 + 3$ $1 < 2x < 8$ Dividing all the sides by 2, $1/2 < 2x/2 < 8/2$ $1/2 < x < 4$. Hence, the direct solution is $1/2 < x < 4$ (or) the interval (1/2, 4). Method 2: Split the given inequality into two inequalities. Then we get $2x - 3 > -2$ AND $2x - 3 < 5$ Adding 3 on both sides of each inequality, $2x > 1$ AND $2x < 8$ Dividing each inequality both sides by 2, $x > 1/2$ AND $x < 4$ Again, merging them back, $1/2 < x < 4$. Hence, the solution is $1/2 < x < 4$ (or) the interval (1/2, 4). Example of Solving Compound Inequality with OR Solve the compound inequality $-3x - 1 > -7$ OR $-5x + 2 < -12$. Add 1 on both sides of the first inequality and subtract 2 from both sides of the second inequality. $-3x > -6$ OR $-5x < -14$ Divide the first inequality on both sides by -3 and the second inequality by -5. Note that the sign of the inequality changes when we divide by a negative number: $x < 2$ OR $x > 2.8$ Hence, the solution is $(-\infty, 2) \cup (2.8, \infty)$. Important Notes on Compound Inequalities: A compound inequality involves more than one inequality merged with "AND" or "OR". If two inequalities are merged with "AND", then merge their solutions by taking the intersection. If two inequalities are merged with "OR", then merge their solutions by taking the union. Graphing compound inequalities make the process of finding the union or intersection very easy. A compound inequality sometimes has "no solution" and sometimes it has "the set of all real numbers" as the solution. Related Topics: Example 1: Solve the compound inequality $-7 < -3x - 2 \leq 5$ and represent the solution in the interval notation. Solution: The given inequality is, $-7 < -3x - 2 \leq 5$ Adding 2 on all the sides, $-5 < -3x \leq 7$ Dividing all the sides by -3 (note that the signs of inequalities change as we are dividing by negative number), $5/3 > x \geq -7/3$ This can be written as $-7/3 \leq x < 5/3$. Hence, the solution in the interval notation is $[-7/3, 5/3)$. Answer: $[-7/3, 5/3)$ Example 2: Solve the compound inequality $2y - 2 \leq 0$ OR $3y \geq 0$. Justify your solution by graphing it. Solution: Let us solve each of the inequalities for y. Then we get $2y \leq 2$ OR $3y \geq 0$ $y \leq 1$ OR $y \geq 0$ By taking the union of these two intervals, it seems like we get the set of all real numbers. Let us reconfirm by graphing them and then taking their union. Yes, both solutions together (their union) are covering the entire real numbers set, and hence the solution is the set of all real numbers. Answer: The solution is the set of all real numbers and is verified by graphing. Example 3: Give an example of a compound inequality with "no solution". Solution: A compound inequality with "OR" can never be with no solution as we just find the union of the individual solutions. So we will try to frame a compound inequality with "AND" which has no solution. $x < 0$ and $x > 0$ cannot have any solution as a number cannot be negative and positive at the same time and yes this can be the compound inequality that we are looking for. To give it more complex look, we can just multiply/divide/add/subtract some numbers on both sides. $x < 0$ and $x > 0$ $2x < 0$ and $3x > 0$ $2x < -2$ and $3x > 5$ Answer: $2x < -2$ and $3x > 5$ View Answer > go to slidego to slidego to slide Breakdown tough concepts through simple visuals. Math will no longer be a tough subject, especially when you understand the concepts through visualizations. Book a Free Trial Class FAQs on Compound Inequality Compound inequalities are combinations of two inequalities that are combined by either using "and" or "or". For example, $1 < x < 3$ is nothing but " $x > 1$ and $x < 3$ ". What is Compound Inequality Example? A compound inequality, as its name suggests, contains two inequalities with an "AND" or "OR" in between them. For example, $-2 < x$ OR $x > 5$ is a compound inequality. How to Solve Compound Inequalities? To solve compound inequalities, just solve each of the two inequalities in it separately and combine them using How to Tell if a Compound Inequality is AND or OR? For compound inequalities, "AND" or "OR" is usually mentioned explicitly like " $x < 2$ AND $x > -1$ ". But sometimes there can be inequality of the form $-2 < x < 1$ and it obviously means $x > -2$ AND $x < 1$. What is Compound Inequality Graph? The compound inequality graph is the graph that shows the solution of the compound inequality. To draw the compound inequality graph: First graph the solution of each inequality using the starting point and then arrow from it (to the left or right depending on the sign of the inequality). Then find their intersection if "AND" is there in the given compound inequality (or) find their union if "OR" is there in the given compound inequality. What is the Process of Graphing Compound Inequalities? For graphing compound inequalities, we first solve each inequality in it, then graph each inequality on the number line, then find their intersection/union depending on whether AND/OR is given in the inequality respectively. What Does And/Or Mean in Compound Inequality? "AND" means each value in the solution interval should satisfy BOTH inequalities. "OR" means each value in the solution interval can satisfy one/both inequalities. What are the Applications of Compound Inequality? The rate of burning of fuel in a two-wheeler is an example of a compound inequality because the fuel burns more if the vehicle is moving either too slow OR too fast. Maximizing profit with respect to two given constraints (linear programming problem) is an example of a compound inequality with "AND".

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